

## Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2018

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Biology (4BI0) Paper 1B

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE in Science Double Award (4SC0) Paper 1B

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## **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded.
   Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question number	Answer		Notes	Marks
1 (a) (b)	has most villi for absorption produces hydrochloric acid stores faeces red  1. bile; 2. emulsification; 3. increase surface area (to volume ratio)	Part eth nall intestine; omach; ectum;	3. Reject molecules	3
	(large drops to) small drops;  4. <u>lipase;</u> 5. neutralise acid / <u>optimum</u> pH;			max 3

(c)	<ol> <li>cell membrane (ONCE);</li> <li>vacuole;</li> <li>cytoplasm;</li> <li>nucleus;</li> <li>chloroplast;</li> </ol>	1. Allow if label line touches inside of cell wall Ignore ribosomes / mitochondria / chlorophyll  1 or 2 = 1  3 or 4 = 2	max 3
(d) (i)	<ol> <li>plasmid;</li> <li>cell wall made of murein / peptidoglycan / not made of cellulose;</li> <li>no nucleus / nucleoid / circular chromosome;</li> <li>flagellum / pili;</li> <li>no chloroplasts / no mitochondria;</li> <li>slime capsule / slime layer;</li> </ol>	5 = 3  List rule applies (mark first two)  Allow converse for each Mp  Ignore reference to unnamed organelles  Ignore vacuole	max 2
(ii)	<ol> <li>Benedict's;</li> <li>heat / water bath;</li> <li>green / yellow / orange / red / brick red;</li> </ol>		3

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a)	1. iron;		2
	2. for haemoglobin;		
(b)	1. more red blood cells;		
	2. (more) oxygen;		max 2
	3. <u>aerobic</u> respiration;		
	4. (less) lactic acid / (less) anaerobic respiration;		
(c)	1. (increase) risk of <u>disease</u> / <u>infection</u> ;	Fewer lymphocytes so	max 4
	2. pathogen / named pathogen;	less ingestion = 1	
		Fewer phagocytes so	
	3. (fewer) lymphocytes;	fewer antibodies = 1	
	4. (fewer) antibodies;		
	5. (fewer) phagocytes;	Less phagocytosis = 2	
	6. (less) ingestion / engulfing / surrounding;		

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (a)(i)	<ol> <li>variation (in beak length / width);</li> <li>mutation;</li> <li>those with long(er) / narrower / thinner beak <u>survive</u>;</li> <li>reproduce / breed / mate / offspring;</li> <li>pass on allele / gene / DNA (to offspring);</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Ignore size</li> <li>Ignore smaller / bigger</li> <li>Allow converse</li> </ol>	max 4
(ii)	lacks <u>cacti / cactus</u> flowers;      (has plants that produce) <u>big / hard / large</u> seeds;		2
(b)(i)	(75% of 200 = 150 and 28% of 200 = 56) 150 - 56 = 94;;	Allow one mark for 75 and 28	2
(ii)	<ol> <li>live mice move / run / escape / leave woodland / not static / eq;</li> <li>live mice are eaten / removed (by predators);</li> <li>live mice hide / shelter / burrow;</li> </ol>	Allow converse eg models do not move	max 2

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4(a) (i)	1. increase in farmed fish / more from farms;		2
	2. wild fish increase and then decrease / levels / plateaus;		
(ii)	$(220 (221) - 160 = 60 (61) \div 33)$	Allow one mark for ÷ 33	2
	1.818 to 1.85 (million);;	Thiow one mark for . 30	
	Allow 1.81 with 2 dots above 8 and 1 indicates recurring		

(b)	1. M keep adults from young / keep sizes apart / eq;	Methods only = 3 max	max 6
	E control intraspecific competition / large fish eat small fish / prevent young being eaten / eq;	Explanations only = 3 max	
	OR		
	2. M keep different species apart / use nets / use cages / eq;	if M and E do not match award 1 only	
	E prevent fish being eaten / control predation / control interspecific competition / eq;	awaru i oniy	
	OR		
	3. M antibiotics / vaccination / prevent overcrowding;		
	E control <u>disease</u> / <u>infection</u> ;	for E3 ignore prevent disease if linked to	
	OR	feeding and water quality	
	4. M selective breeding / use growth hormones / use GM fish;		
	E for named desired quality such as mass / yield;		
	OR		
	5. M use wrasse / insecticide / pesticide / biological control / eq;		
	E to prevent / remove / kill parasites;		
			T -

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5(a)	area / (type of) soil / with and without trees / number of trees / deforestation;		1
(b)	<ol> <li>leaves / trees;</li> <li>food / to eat / nutrients / energy / more food chains;</li> <li>shelter / camouflage / somewhere to hide / protection from predators / eq;</li> </ol>	Allow converse	max 2
(c)	<ol> <li>several quadrats / repeated the experiment / calculated mean;</li> <li>random / method of randomisation;</li> <li><u>same</u> quadrat / area of quadrat / same size of quadrat;</li> <li>sampled at same time (of day / of year);</li> <li>sampled same depth of soil;</li> </ol>	Ignore same forest / same oak trees / same area of forest / same area of land	max 3

(d)	Advantages:		max 6
	1. employment / jobs / income / eq;		
	2. (wood) for building / furniture / paper / eq;		
	3. fuel;		
	4. land / space for farming / land / space for building homes;		
	5. access by roads;		
	Disadvantages:		
	6. loss of medicinal plants / loss of habitat;		
	7. affects <u>food chains</u> / <u>food webs</u> / <u>extinction</u> / <u>migration</u> / <u>biodiversity</u> ;		
	8. soil erosion / leaching / minerals washed out of soil;		
	9. affects water cycle / transpiration / rain / flooding;		
	10. affects carbon dioxide levels / global warming / greenhouse effect;	10. Ignore less photosynthesis / climate change / weather	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6(a)	5.6 to 5.8;;	Allow one mark for dividing by 0.01 / multiply x 100	2
(b)	<ol> <li>less cooling / less heat loss / overheat /heat up;</li> <li>small <u>surface area to volume</u> ratio;</li> <li>temperature difference is reduced;</li> </ol>	Ignore references to sweating / panting	max 2
(c)	<ol> <li>disease / infection / virus / bacteria;</li> <li>habitat loss / loss of food source / lack of food / food supply / deforestation;</li> <li>natural disaster / flood / tsunami / meteor / earthquake / eq;</li> <li>hunting / predation / killed by humans;</li> </ol>	Ignore weather / lack of shelter / lack of prey / lack of water  4. Allow poaching	max 2

Question number	Answer			Notes	Marks
7(a)	1. catalyse / speed up	allows reactions at lower temperature = 2	2		
	2. (chemical) reaction	s / (metabolic) reactions;		2. Ignore examples e.g, respiration / breakdown of large molecules into small molecules	
(b)	Enzyme	Where produced	Function		5
	amylase	salivary gland	digest / breakdown starch;	Turns starch into maltose = 0	
	protease	stomach / pancreas; allow small intestine	digest / breakdown proteins / peptides;	maitose = 0	
	restriction;	bacteria	cutting DNA at certain points		
	ligase	cell nucleus	joining DNA / genes /eq;		

(c)	1. less (kinetic) energy at low temperatures;	Allow converse	max 4
	2. fewer collisions / less movement at low temperatures / eq;	for Mps 1 and 2	
	3. enzyme <u>denatures</u> ;	3. Reject	
	4. changes <u>active site</u> / <u>eq</u> ;	denature if enzyme dies or	
	5. substrate can no longer bind / eq;	killed	
		3.Ignore if linked	
		to low	
		temperature	

Total 11 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
8 (a)	7 / seven;		1
(b) (i)	(9 ÷ 119 = 0.0756 × 100) = 7.56 / 7.563;;	Allow one mark for dividing by 119 or for 7.6	2
(ii)	miscount cells / difficult to count cells /     mistake made in counting / there are so many cells to count;		max 2
	2. difficult to see <u>chromosomes</u> / <u>chromosomes</u> are small;		
	3. may not be squashed flat / may be layers of cells;		
	4. microscope has poor resolution;		

(c)(i)	<ol> <li>mitosis occurs with no plant hormone / eq;</li> <li>most mitosis is at 0.005ppm / mitosis increases from 0.0 to 0.005 / up to 0.005;</li> </ol>	Ignore mitosis decreases as plant hormone increases alone	max 2
	3. mitosis decreases above 0.005 / mitosis decreases from 0.005 to 0.5;	must refer to more mitosis or mitotic index not just higher/lower	
	4. least mitosis is at 0.5;		
(ii)	<ol> <li>time;</li> <li>temperature;</li> <li>mineral ions / ions / minerals / salts / named mineral / eq;</li> <li>light;</li> <li>volume of solution;</li> <li>oxygen;</li> </ol>	Ignore pH / / glucose conc. in solution / carbon dioxide / humidity / type of plant / type of hormone / water level / wind	max 3

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
9 (a)	<ol> <li>carbohydrate / glucose / starch / sugar;</li> <li>respiration;</li> <li>(energy) for growth;</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Ignore food</li> <li>more oxygen for respiration = 1</li> </ol>	max 2
(b)(i)	<ul> <li>S biomass scale is linear and at least half grid;</li> <li>L bars drawn with straight lines;</li> <li>A one axis labelled with lamp/light and other axis labelled with biomass;</li> <li>P bar heights correct;</li> <li>U g / m² / gm⁻²;</li> </ul>	Ignore rate of psyn. bars if both plotted  If rate of psyn. only plotted on psyn. axes only allow S and L  If rate of psyn. plotted on biomass axes only lose P  If scatter graph or line graph no L and no A	5
(b)(ii)	<ol> <li>not all carbohydrate / glucose / starch / sugar + used for growth or biomass;</li> <li>(some carbohydrate) used for respiration;</li> <li>(provide energy) for active transport;</li> </ol>	Ignore food / energy for mp 1 allow energy /food used in respiration  Ignore critique of experimental design	max 2

(c)	1. LED 690; 2. most <u>biomass</u> ;	wrong lamp and most biomass =1	2
	Z. most <u>biomass</u> ,		
(d)	temperature;     carbon dioxide;	Ignore wind / humidity / rain / nutrients / biotic factors	max 3
	<ul><li>3. water;</li><li>4. mineral ions / ions / minerals / salts / named mineral / eq;</li></ul>		
(e)	<ol> <li>source of food / source of nutrients / diet (in space);</li> <li>produce oxygen;</li> <li>absorb carbon dioxide;</li> </ol>	Ignore sustain life / stay in space longer	max 1

Total 15 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
10(a)	A collecting duct;		4
	B loop of Henle;		
	C glomerulus;		
	D Bowman's capsule / renal capsule;		
(b)	1. high <u>blood</u> concentration / low water potential of <u>blood</u> ;		max 6
	2. osmoreceptors / hypothalamus;	Allow Mps 2, 3 and 5 if	
	3. pituitary gland;	describing too much water in blood	
	4. (more) ADH;		
	5. collecting duct;		
	6. (more) permeable;		
	7. (more) water (re)absorbed (into blood);		
	8. less water in urine / urine more concentrated / less urine;		

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
11(a)	1. <u>alveoli</u> + increase surface area;		max 4
	2. (alveoli) thin / one cell thick + short <u>diffusion</u> distance;	Ignore cell wall     Allow not far to diffuse	
	3. capillary (wall) is thin / one cell thick + short diffusion distance;	3. Allow not far to diffuse	
	4. capillary / blood + maintains concentration gradient / diffusion gradient;	no credit for blood and alveolus close together	
	5. moist + allows gases to dissolve;		
(b)	1. (leaf has) large surface area;		max 4
	2. thin + short <u>diffusion</u> distance;		
	3. stomata + allows gases in/out / diffusion;		
	4. spongy mesophyll + increase surface area / gas diffusion / gas movement / air movement;		
	5. moist + allows gases to dissolve;		

Question number		Answer	Notes	Marks
12	С	use yeast A and yeast B / use (both) varieties of yeast;		max
	О	same concentration of yeast / same number of yeast (cells) / same mass of yeast / same volume of yeast / eq;	O Ignore amount	
	R	repeat (for each species);		
	M1	measure / determine/ test concentration / percentage / content (of alcohol in beer);	M1 ignore <b>see</b> which has highest conc	
	M2	stated time;		
	S1	add same mass / volume / concentration of starch / grains / barley/ sugar / carbohydrate / glucose / maltose / malt / wort / substrate;	S1 Ignore amount / water	
	S2	control temperature / pH / oxygen / allow not far to diffuse ref to anaerobic respiration;		

